

RULES AND REGULATIONS

National parks were established in Thailand to conserve the environment for recreational and educational purposes. People are welcome to enjoy this natural environment, but not to disturb it.



* Do not collect, damage, or destroy flowers, wildlife, trees, insects, fish and rocks.

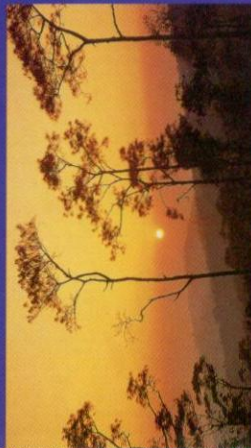
* Do not disturb the wildlife or natural environment. Loud noises, including music, created by visitors is forbidden.

* Do not litter. Littering can kill wildlife and ruin beautiful scenery.

* No fires in the park except in designated areas.

NATIONAL PARK

PHURUA AND NAHAEW



National Park Division, Natural Resources Conservation Office, Royal Forest Department

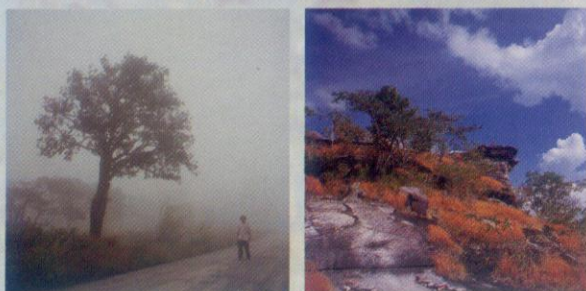
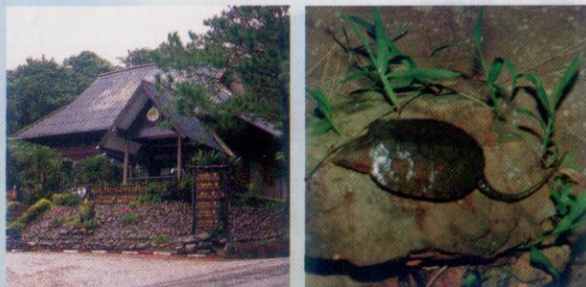
<http://www.forest.go.th>

PHURUA NATIONAL PARK

The cliff that looks like a junk is the dominant feature of the park with its highest peak of 1,365 meters above sea level. It became the 42th National Park of Thailand since November 1978. The park area lies in Loei province.

GEOGRAPHY

The park is passed by several streams namely, Huayphai, Huay Saikhao and Huay Hinrash. The park is



comprised of a lot of high peaks, causing the landscape cool year-round, weather all especially in winter the water-drops at the grasses became ice. The local people called this natural phenomena as "Mae Khaning".



FLORA AND FAUNA

There are 3 types of forest in the park namely; mixed deciduous forest, dry-dipterocarp forest and moist evergreen forest. The Phurua's peak cover with Hill-pine forest, rockgarden, natural stone-slab and grassland. The animals found here are bear, wild-pig, squirrel and several species of birds. In the winter the area is one of the habitats of migrated birds from China.



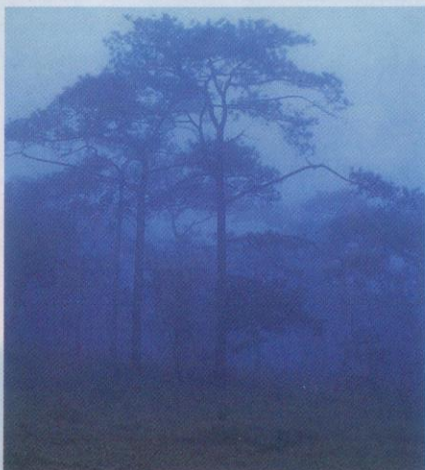
TOURIST ATTRACTIONS

Pha Loannoi : it is located 3 km from the headquarters with a viewpoint of sunrise and panoramic views of Phuluang, Phu Crang

Huayphai : the high waterfall of 30 meters, providing an important source of irrigation water to Amphur Phurua. It is situated 2 km from the headquarters.

Yod Phurua : it is the highest peak with 1,365 meters above mean sea level. The high cliff point is enable the visitors seeing the beautiful views and looking at Hueng River and Klong River in the pleasant weather condition.

Pha Sam Tong or Pha of "white-rose" : the site is the high cliff that providing watershed area. The name is derived from its gold-colored of Lichen. It is situated about 2.5 km. from the headquarters.



HOW TO GO

The park is situated 52 km from Loei province. To get to the park, takes the highway 203 to Amphur Phurua then turn right and further to about 4 km to the headquarters.

ACCOMMODATIONS

There are five-lodges, each can accommodation with the 5-6 people with the prices of 1,000-1,200 Baht/night.



There are also restaurants and campsites for visitors services.

NAHAEW NATIONAL PARK

The park is situated in Amphur Nahaew in Loei Province, the total area about 117.16 km². The landscape is covered with the rich moist-evergreen forest with few plain area. It is designated as the 79th National park of Thailand in November 23, 1984.

GEOGRAPHY

The landscape is highly rugged mountain range with 600-1,408 height above mean sea level.

CLIMATE

The weather is pleasant all year-round and extremely cold in winter.

FLORA AND FAUNA

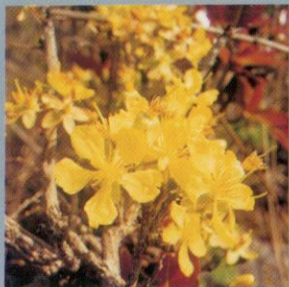
The park is comprise of several types of forest namely, Evergreen forest, Dry-evergreen forest, Hill evergreen forest, Mixed-deciduous forest and Dry-dipterocarp forest.

The wildlife found deer, tiger and many types of fishes.

ATTRACTIONS

Khing Waterfall : it is situated in Prae River with 2-3 levels. There is the residence of Princess Mahachakkri Sirintorn near by the waterfall.





ChangTok Waterfall : the site is situated at north

of Khing Waterfall about 500 meters.

Tat Huang Waterfall : at Hueng River with tree-

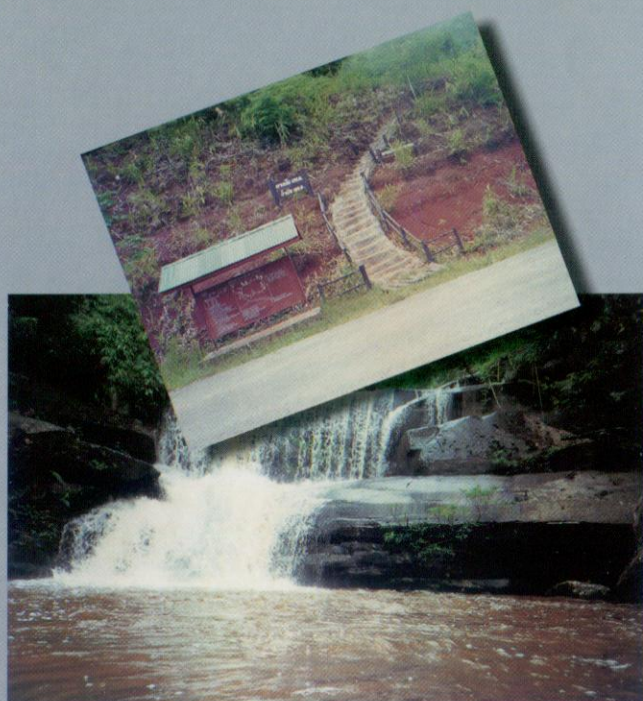
levels. It is height 500 meter and water flows year-round.

Pha Koh Waterfall : it is situated in Hueng River.

Its surrounding site covers with trees and the weathers is fresh.

HOW TO GO

1. From Loei, takes the highway 2003. 2031 and 2113 to Amphur Nahaew and then further to about 4 km. to Ban Mueng Prea, turn left to the highway 1268 and turn right



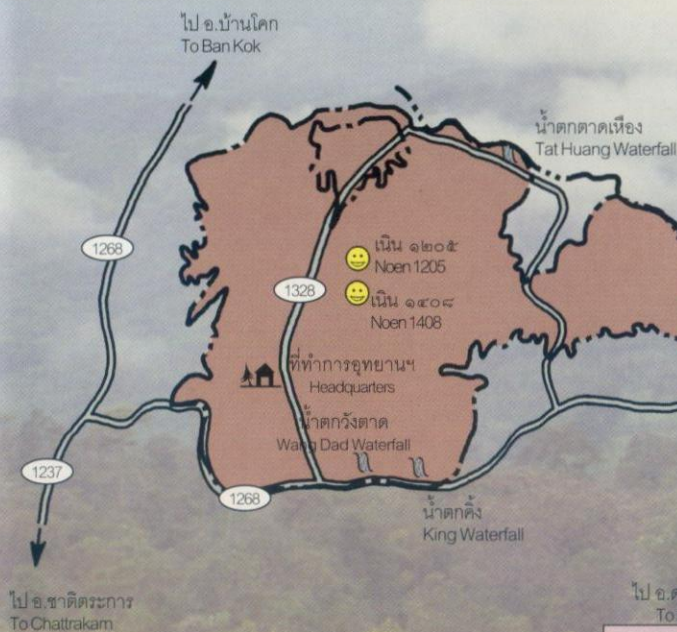
at its last junction on 0km. post. From 0km. post just a few meters ahead is the National Park Headquarters.

2. From Bangkok-Lomsak, Petchabun takes the highway 203, 2014 and 2113 to Amphur Nahaew and then further to about 4 km to Ban Mueng Prael, turn left on the highway 1268 and turn right at its last junction on 0km post. From 0km post just a few meters ahead is the situated of the headquarters.

3. From Phisanulok-Amphur Chattrakarn-Ban Boh Pak, at 50 km turn right to the highway 1268 and further to 0km. post from here just a few meters ahead is the National Park Headquarters.



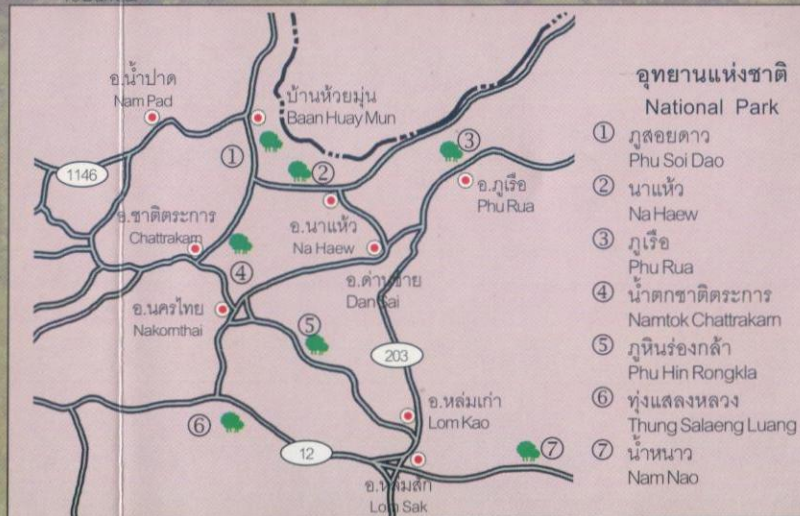
อุทยานแห่งชาติภูเรือ Phu Rua National Park



อุทยานแห่งชาตินาแห้ว Na Haew National Park

ไป อ.ด่านซ้าย
To Dan Sai

สัญลักษณ์ LEGEND



อุทยานแห่งชาติ National Park

- ① ภูสอยดาว
Phu Soi Dao
- ② นาแห้ว
Na Haew
- ③ ภูเรือ
Phu Rua
- ④ น้ำตกชาติตระการ
Namtok Chattrakam
- ⑤ ภูหินร่องกล้า
Phu Hin Rongkla
- ⑥ ห้วยผาคอน
Thung Salaeng Luang
- ⑦ น้ำหนาว
Nam Nao